### WHAT YOU CAN DO

How you can help keep our water clean?

- DO NOT LITTER! Carry a bag for waste along in the car to eliminate the temptation to throw it out the window. Put litter in your pocket until you find a recycling container or trash can.
- Recycle and reuse items whenever possible. Glass, paper, metal, cardboard, and plastic can be taken to the recycle bins behind Household Hazardous Waste for free (900 Arvin Rd Suite 900, Franklin).
- Pick up ONE piece of litter every day! That's 365 less pieces of litter on our streets, in our parks, and around our schools thanks to you. Imagine if everyone picked up just one piece!
- Make sure your trash bins have lids that can be securely attached. Do not put out open containers or boxes filled with debris.
- Keep litter out of pick up truck beds and cover loads so items are not blown off to the ground.
- Join a clean-up event. Many civic groups host such events. One opportunity is the Johnson County Spring clean-up day every April.



### Johnson County Partnership For Water Quality

### www.jccleanwater.org

Johnson County 317-346-4350

City of Franklin 317-346-1151

City of Greenwood 317-887-5230

Town of Bargersville 317-422-5115

Town of Whiteland 317-535-5531

Town of Edinburgh 812-526-3512

Town of New Whiteland 317-535-4664

Johnson County Solid Waste

Management District 317-738-2546

Johnson County Soil & Water

Conservation District 317-736-9540

Know where it flows!

## LITTER

. Fact Sheet

# Johnson County Partnership For Water Quality



### WATER POLLUTION

Sources of water pollution like industrial wastes from factories have been greatly reduced in recent years. Now, more than 60% of water pollution comes from things like trash and litter, excess fertilizer, and pet waste. All these sources add up to a big pollution problem. So, believe it or not, the biggest source of water pollution today is not industry – it is actually households like yours. But each of us can do small things to help clean up our water. And it starts with realizing that our sewers and storm systems are separate—what goes into storm drains flows directly into the environment, untreated.



Know where it flows!

### WHAT 'S THE PROBLEM WITH LITTER

When debris-plastic bags, bottles, cigarette butts, etc-is thrown on the ground, it gets washed into storm drains and directly into our waterways. In addition to potentially chocking, suffocating, or disabling aquatic life like ducks, fish, turtles, and birds, litter decreases oxygen levels in the

water when it decays.
Litter is one of the
most unsightly forms
of pollution in our
local waterways and
can easily be prevented. Most litter
can be recycled,
which not only protects the environment, it saves our
natural resources.



#### **FACTS AND FIGURES**

- Every day the average person walks or drives by 12.000 items of litter.
- MYTH: Cigarette filters are biodegradable. FACT: The
  acetate filters can take many years to decompose.
   Also, the toxic chemicals the filter was designed to trap
  leak out into aquatic ecosystems, threatening marine
  life.

- Cigarette butts may seem small, but with several trillion butts littered every year they are the number one source of litter in this county.
- The lifespan (decomposition time) of some commonly littered items:

CIGARETTE BUTT: 1-5 years

ALUMINUM CAN: 200-500 years

PLASTIC BAG: 10-20 years

GLASS BOTTLE: 1 million years



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